

# Computational Approaches to the Chemistry of Nanopores



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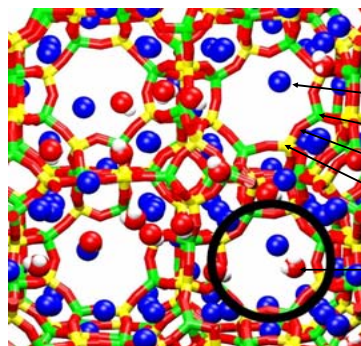
Sandia is a multiprogram laboratory operated by Sandia Corporation, a Lockheed Martin Company, for the United States Department of Energy under Contract DE-AC04-94AL8500.

## The Problem

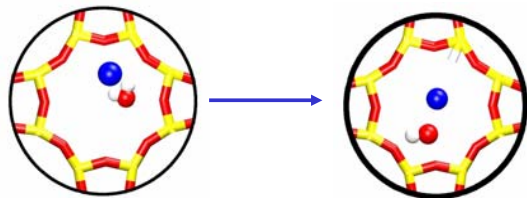
Modeling local chemistry in the presence of collective phenomena is a critical step toward scientific understanding of complex nanoporous materials

Zeolite-4A collective phenomena involve 672+ atoms.

These length and time scales demand classical treatment.



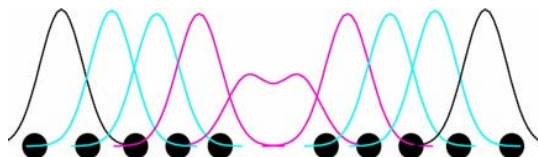
Zeolite-4A chemical specificity involves a few atoms, but requires the accuracy and flexibility of *ab initio* quantum methods.



## IDEA: Embed Density Functional Theory in a Classical Background

Efficient embedding: A localized view of electronic structure based on "Generalized Wannier Functions"

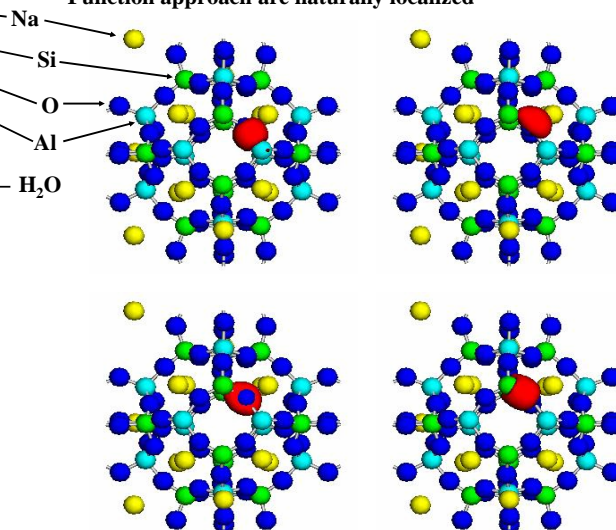
- Linearly independent localized functions that span occupied subspace of the Kohn-Sham Hamiltonian
- The density matrix and total energy are easily evaluated
- Optimize red, approximate blue, and ignore black



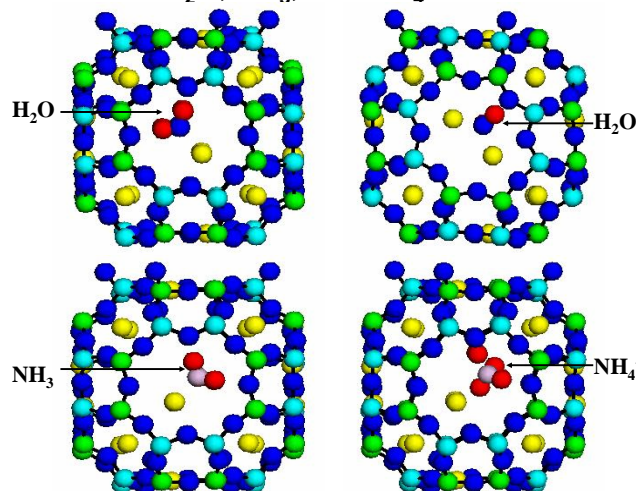
Two methods of solving for GWF have been implemented

- Green's Function Approach
- Grassmann Conjugate Gradient Approach

The Generalized Wannier Functions from the Green's Function approach are naturally localized



Results:  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$ , and  $\text{NH}_4^+$  in Zeolite-4A



## Funding

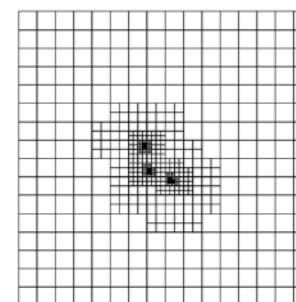
Sandia Laboratory Directed Research and Development

New Proposal to DOE joint BES/ASCR Computational Nanoscience Call: Investigating the Chemistry of Nanopores Using a Localized Hierarchical Basis

Our Team: Normand Modine, Pavel Bochev, Mark Sears, Richard Lehoucq, Susan Rempe, Kevin Leung, Michael Chandross, Tomas Arias (Cornell), Chris Anderson (UCLA)

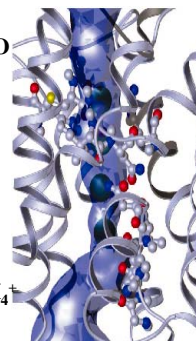
The Idea: Work with the mathematicians to address efficiently the range of scales involved in the chemistry of nanopores

A Hierarchical Basis is key to an efficient treatment of inhomogeneous length scales



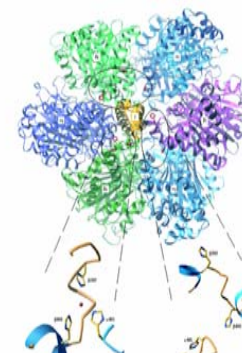
Study remarkable selectivity and switching of natural and artificial nanoporous systems

Natural Biological Channels



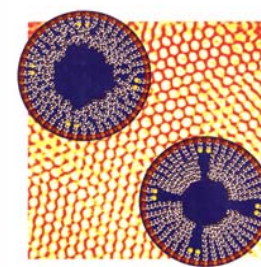
Law and Sansom, Current Biology 12, R250 (2002).

Bio-engineered switchable proteins



Liu et al., Nature Mater. 1, 173 (2002).

Functionalized Nanocomposites



From Jun Liu, Sandia